PRODUCT DATA SHEET Indium8.9HF*

High-Reliability (Indalloy®292 and Indalloy®276) Solder Paste

Introduction

Indium8.9HF is an air reflow, no-clean solder paste formulated to accommodate the higher processing temperatures required by high-reliability alloy Indalloy®292 and other alloy systems favored by the electronics industry to replace conventional Pb-bearing solders. Indium8.9HF offers unprecedented stencil print transfer efficiency to work in the broadest range of processes. In addition, the high probe testability of Indium8.9HF minimizes false failures in ICT. It is an exceptional material for conformal coating compatibility.

Features

- Halogen-free per EN14582 test method
- One of our most stable pastes
- High transfer efficiency through small apertures (≤0.66AR)
- Eliminates hot and cold slump
- · High oxidation resistance
- Wets well to oxidized BGA and pad surfaces
- Excellent soldering performance under high-temperature and long reflow processes
- Clear, probe testable flux residue

Alloys

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of a variety of Pb-free alloys that cover a broad range of melting temperatures. This document covers Type 4 powder as a standard offering with Indalloy®292. The metal percent is the weight percent of the solder powder in the solder paste and is dependent upon the powder type and application.

Standard Product Specifications

Alloy		Metal Load	
Name	Composition	Type 4	
Indalloy®292	Data at Dandina	00.50/	
Indalloy®276	Patent Pending	88.5%	

Industry Standard Test Results and Classification					
Flux Classification	ROLO	Typical Solder Paste Viscosity for Indalloy®292 T4 (Poise)	1,440		
Based on the testing required by IPC J-STD-004B.		Conforma with all			
Halogen-free per IEC 61249-2-21, Test Method EN14582	<900ppm Cl <900ppm Br <1,500ppm Total	Conforms with all requirements from IPC J-STD-005A.			

All information is for reference only.

Not to be used as incoming product specifications.

Storage and Handling Procedures

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life
<10°C	6 months

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least 2 hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

Complementary Products

- Rework Flux: TACFlux® 089HF, TACFlux® 020B-RC
- Cored Wire: CW-807 or Core 230-RC within the Indalloy®292C alloy
- Wave Flux: WF-9945, WF-9958

Note: Other products may be applicable. Please consult one of Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers.

Packaging

Indium8.9HF is currently available in 500g jars or 600g cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. Alternate packaging options may be available upon request.

Technical Support

Indium Corporation's internationally experienced engineers provide in-depth technical assistance to our customers. Thoroughly knowledgeable in all facets of Materials Science as it applies to the electronics and semiconductor sectors, Technical Support Engineers provide expert advice in solder preforms, wire, ribbon, and paste. Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers provide rapid response to all technical inquiries.

Safety Data Sheets

Please refer to the SDS document within the product shipment, or contact our local team to receive a copy.



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Printing

Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components—A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The "home plate" design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components—A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process-dependent (5–15% is common).
- For optimum transfer efficiency and release of the solder paste from the stencil apertures, industry standard aperture and aspect ratios should be adhered to.

Recommended Printer Operation

Solder Paste Bead Size	~20–25mm in diameter	
Print Speed	25-150mm/second	
Squeegee Pressure	0.018-0.027kg/mm of blade length	
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 5 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached	
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length; 45 or 60° squeegees are typically used	
Separation Speed	5-20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer's specifications	
Solder Paste Stencil Life	Up to 60 hours (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)	

Cleaning

Indium8.9HF is designed for no-clean applications; however, the flux can be removed, if necessary, by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

Stencil cleaning is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available non-water-based stencil cleaners work well.

Recommended Profile: Indalloy®292 Recommended Reflow Profile MP - 28PC MP - 28PC RAMP TAL COOLING

This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using Indium8.9HF with Indalloy®292 Solder Paste. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with a linear profile. If needed, a flat soak portion or a linear shoulder may be added to reduce the thermal gradient.

Reflow Profile Details	Indalloy®292 Parameters		Comments	
	Recommended	Acceptable	Comments	
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	1-2.5°C/second	1-3°C/second	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump	
Soak Zone Profile (Optional)	N/A	20–120 seconds	A soak profile is not recommended for optimum voiding performance but may be used to diminish delta T between components.	
	N/A	120-170°C		
Time Above Liquidus (TAL, over 228°C)	70-90 seconds	50-100 seconds	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint As measured with thermocouple	
Peak Temperature	245-250°C	240-260°C		
Cooling Ramp Rate	2-6°C/second	0.5-6°C/second	Rapid cooling promotes fine-grain structure	
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N ₂		N ₂ preferred for small components	

Note: All parameters are for reference only. Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

This product data sheet is provided for general information only. It is not intended, and shall not be construed, to warrant or guarantee the performance of the products described which are sold subject exclusively to written warranties and limitations thereon included in product packaging and invoices. All Indium Corporation's products and solutions are designed to be commercially available unless specifically stated otherwise.

All of Indium Corporation's solder paste and preform manufacturing facilities are IATF 16949:2016 certified. Indium Corporation is an ISO 9001:2015 registered company.

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